ZEISS Crossbeam Family
Your FIB-SEM for High Throughput 3D Analysis and Sample Preparation
**ZEISS Crossbeam combines the powerful imaging and analytical performance of a field emission scanning electron microscope (FE-SEM) column with the superior processing ability of a next-generation focused ion beam (FIB).**

Crossbeam gives your 3D work that dynamic edge, whether you are milling, imaging or performing 3D analytics. Extract true sample information from your SEM images using Gemini electron optics. The Ion-sculptor FIB column introduces an altogether new way of FIB-processing. By minimizing sample damage you’ll maximize sample quality—and perform experiments faster at the same time.

Customize your instrument to achieve both high quality and high throughput in TEM lamella preparation. Exploit the variable pressure capabilities of Crossbeam 350. Or use Crossbeam 550 to prepare and characterize your most demanding samples, choosing the chamber size that best suits your samples.

You may be working on your own or in a multi-user facility, as an academic or in an industrial lab. If you’ve set your sights on high impact results, Crossbeam’s modular platform concept lets you upgrade your system as your needs grow.

Maximize Sample Insights in Both 2D and 3D
Count on excellent images from any sample thanks to the Gemini electron optics of your ZEISS Crossbeam. You will achieve high resolution and contrast while reaping the benefits of high signal-to-noise ratios, right down to very low accelerating voltages. Prepare high quality samples, like TEM lamellae, using the FIB’s low voltage performance and characterize your samples comprehensively in 3D. Use a wide choice of detectors, including the unique Inlens EsB (energy selective backscatter) detector for pure material contrast. Investigate non-conductive specimens undisturbed by charging artifacts, offset either with local charge compensation while keeping high vacuum in the chamber or with variable pressure available in Crossbeam 350.

Increase Your Sample Throughput
Combine Gemini optics with a new way of FIB machining: the superior low voltage performance of the Ion-sculptor FIB column delivers fast and precise results while keeping amorphization damage on your sample to a minimum. Use these advantages especially for the preparation of TEM lamellae – even challenging samples. Benefit further from the FIB’s high current capability that saves time and achieves excellent FIB profiles with up to 100 nA current—without compromising the ultimate FIB resolution. Save even more time with automatically prepared batches of cross-sections or with any user-defined pattern. And the benefits just keep on coming throughout your long-term experiments as optimized routines enhance FIB source lifetime and stability.

Experience Best 3D Resolution
Enjoy precise and reliable results in FIB-SEM tomography with best 3D resolution and leading isotropic voxel size. The Inlens EsB detector lets you probe and image less than 3 nm in depth. Expand the capacity of your Crossbeam with Atlas 5, our market-leading package for fast, precise tomography. You will save time by collecting your serial section images while milling. You also have the advantage of trackable voxel sizes and automated routines for active control of image quality. Meanwhile, Atlas 5’s new integrated Analytics module enables 3D EDS and 3D EBSD analysis during tomography runs.
Your Insight into the Technology Behind It

Profit from Gemini Optics
Crossbeam’s FE-SEM column is based on Gemini electron optics. You will appreciate the long-term stability of your SEM alignment and the effortless way it adjusts all system parameters such as probe current and acceleration voltage. Unlike other FE-SEMs, Gemini optics don’t expose your specimen to a magnetic field. This allows you to achieve distortion-free, high resolution imaging over large fields of view as well as to tilt the specimen without influencing the electron optical performance. Even magnetic samples can be imaged easily.

Choose between Two Columns:
- The Gemini VP column of Crossbeam 350 gives you maximum sample flexibility and multi-purpose environments. With the optional Variable Pressure (VP) you can perform in situ experiments under excellent analytical conditions, even with outgassing or charging samples.
- The Gemini II column of Crossbeam 550 has a double condenser system that enables high resolution, even at low voltage and high current. It’s ideal for high resolution imaging at high beam current and for fast analytics.

Simultaneous Inlens SE and Inlens EsB imaging provides unique topographical and material contrast. That means you will gain more information in less time.

Magnetic field leakage of the Gemini lens compared to a traditional single-pole lens design. The minimum magnetic field on the sample allows highest ion and electron beam performance on a tilted sample as well as high resolution imaging of magnetic materials.
Your Insight into the Technology Behind It

Discover a New Way of FIB-Machining – From Massive Ablation to Nanometer Precision
Maximize sample quality by using the low voltage capabilities of the Ion-sculptor FIB column. Minimizing amorphization of delicate specimens will give you the best results after thinning or polishing—with the added advantage of fast probe current exchanges to accelerate your FIB applications. Or opt for high current performance and double the speed of your 3D FIB-SEM applications by working with the high gallium ion beam currents. You’ll get precise and reproducible results with maximum stability during the acquisition time. The column design gives you access to five orders of magnitude in beam current, from 1 pA up to 100 nA. The larger beam currents of up to 100 nA allow fast and precise material removal and milling processes. Meanwhile, at low currents you will achieve exceptionally high FIB resolution of less than 3 nm. The gallium focused ion beam source—the so-called LMIS (liquid metal ion source) Ga source—is designed for a typical lifetime larger than 3000 μAh when operating at a target emission current of 2 μA. For long-term experiments, you have the bonus of the Crossbeam family’s automatic FIB emission recovery.

Regulation characteristic of Ga source emission current. The suppressor voltage regulates the total emission current between 1.9 μA and 2.1 μA.

ZEISS Crossbeam 550: FIB- and FE-SEM column arranged at an inclination angle of 54°.
Expand Your Possibilities

Customize Your Crossbeam with the Remote Application Programming Interface

Innovative experiments will often require new functionality beyond what is provided by the operating software of your electron microscope. That’s why the open programming interface of Crossbeam is designed to allow access to almost every microscope parameter. The remote API lets you take complete control of electron and ion optics, stage, vacuum system, detectors, scanning and image acquisition from custom programs – whether running on the system PC or on a remote workstation. ZEISS provides both documentation and code examples in various programming languages – plus technical support to make sure you get the results you want. Quickly.

Workflow for lathe milling, implemented in the custom application SmartLathe and using the API interface.

Pillar for compression testing after being machined using lathe milling: SEM top view (left), SEM side view (right).
Expand Your Possibilities

It’s Easy to Create TEM Lamellae
Simply use Automatic Sample Preparation (ASP) for your TEM sample: it includes all necessary steps and it’s ready for lift out.

How it Works
- Click on the TEM sample icon.
- Draw a line to define the location of the lamella on your sample.
- Trigger execution.

Prepare Batches of TEM Lamellae – Automatically
- Execute a batch of TEM samples at predefined sites without supervision.

How it Works
- Define location of single TEM lamella and transfer to process list.
- Repeat step 1 as often as required or perform copy & paste in sample mode.
- Execute process list.

X² sample holder. Use the patented X²-preparation method to prepare ultra-thin, stable TEM lamellae and obtain a homogeneous thickness of less than 10 nm without causing sample damage.

Array of TEM lamellae prepared automatically.

Illustration of the simple three-step workflow for TEM sample preparation (depo stands for deposition, DC for drift correction).
Expand Your Possibilities

Select Your Micromanipulator for TEM Lamella Lift-out

When starting a TEM lamella preparation workflow find your region of interest quickly with the help of the super-eucentric 6-axis stage and always stay at eucentricity when tilting the sample no matter which working distance. Prepare your sample and eventually utilize a micromanipulator for the next steps in the workflow.

It’s quick and easy to lift out a prepared TEM lamella from the bulk. Select a micromanipulator that is targeted to your needs in flexibility, freedom of operation and ease-of-use in control. Attach your lamella to a grid for final thinning and low kV polishing.

Find your region of interest quickly with the help of the super-eucentric 6-axis stage and always stay at eucentricity when tilting the sample. Prepare your sample. Lift out your TEM lamella, eventually.

The micromanipulator of your choice will be configured to enable optimized workflows.

Attach the needle of the micromanipulator to the lamella, lift it out of the bulk and attach it to the TEM-grid for further investigation in transmission mode. (from left to right)
Expand Your Possibilities

Keep Control During TEM Lamella Thinning
The final polishing step is crucial, as it defines the quality of your TEM lamella. When you aim to reach a desired thickness, the SEM allows live monitoring of the thinning. During imaging, the 'split mode' gives you the benefit of having the signals of several detectors available in parallel. Use the SE signal to judge lamella thickness and obtain reproducible end thickness. At the same time, the Inlens SE signal helps you control surface quality.

SmartEPD is an optional software module that allows you to determine the thickness of your TEM lamella quantitatively and thus stop the thinning process at your pre-defined endpoint, this time using the Inlens EsB detector.

Even more benefits come your way with the x²- Holder, which is built to enable the preparation of ultra-thin lamellae. This is a big help when dealing with challenging samples that show intrinsic stress, for example, heterogeneous materials or polymers that would otherwise bend.

In Brief
The Advantages
The Applications
The System
Technology and Details
Service
Expand Your Possibilities

ZEISS Atlas 5 – Master Your Multi-scale Challenge

Use Atlas 5’s sample-centric correlative environment to create comprehensive multi-scale, multi-modal images. This powerful yet intuitive hardware and software package extends the capacity of your Crossbeam. With its efficient navigation you can correlate images from any source. For example, use X-ray volume data from your ZEISS X-ray microscope to target buried features of interest and analyze them in your Crossbeam. Take full advantage of Atlas 5’s high throughput and automated large area imaging. Unique workflows will help you gain a deeper understanding of your sample. The modular structure lets you tailor Atlas 5 to your everyday needs in materials or life sciences research.

Recommended Modules for your Crossbeam

- NPVE Advanced (Advanced Nanopatterning & Visualization Engine): Perform nanopatterning with full control over patterning geometry and parameters.
- 3D Tomography: Turn your Crossbeam into a precise 3D FIB-SEM tomography acquisition engine with automated sample preparation. Automatically acquire 3D image data with up to several thousand images and a voxel resolution below 10 nm isotropic voxel size in 3D. Unique sample-tracking technology gives you the benefit of consistent slice thickness over long acquisitions. Meanwhile, robust autofocus and auto-stigmation algorithms keep all of your images sharp.
- Analytics: Add 3D EDS / 3D EBSD analytics to high resolution FIB-SEM tomography acquisition. Specify imaging and mapping conditions independently. Use the advanced acquisition engine to automatically switch between analysis and imaging conditions during acquisition. Flexible visualization allows you to simultaneously view SEM images and process elemental maps.

Tomography data of a lead free solder containing Cu and Ag particles in an Sn matrix. SEM images (top) and EDS maps (bottom) were acquired at the same sample site at 1.8 kV and 6 kV, respectively, with a ZEISS FIB-SEM and Atlas 5 Analytics. Courtesy of: M. Cantoni, EPFL Lausanne, Switzerland.
Expand Your Possibilities

Fastmill – Speed Up Your Material Removal
Milling speed depends on a multitude of factors: target material, lattice orientation, ion current, milling geometry and so on. For a given material, your scanning strategy has the biggest impact on the material removal rate. During milling, sample topography changes are based on the precise milling strategy. This change, in turn, affects the milling rate.

Two milling styles are commonly distinguished: line and frame milling. In the first, the ion dose is delivered line by line in a single pass. In the latter, the entire frame is milled multiple times until the total dose is delivered. The local change of the sample surface in line milling dynamically alters the milling conditions – an effect that can be exploited to speed up material removal.

While line milling is potentially faster, redeposition fills up most of the trench and hence restricts the viewable cross-section. Targeting a specific cross-section depth requires experimentation and can be cumbersome. With Fastmill, a newly-introduced scanning strategy, milling speed is enhanced by optimally exploiting the angle-dependent sputtering effect. Fastmill enables up to 40% faster milling than regular line milling.

You need only activate one checkbox in the regular cross-sectioning or TEM prep workflow wizards.
Expand Your Possibilities

ToF-SIMS enables High Throughput in 3D Analysis
Secondary Ion Mass Spectroscopy (SIMS) is an established means of analyzing surfaces that gives you excellent sensitivity and mass resolution, along with the ability to differentiate between isotopes. Adding ToF-SIMS (time of flight secondary ion mass spectrometry) to your Crossbeam brings unique analytical capabilities to the FIB-SEM.

You will Benefit from:
- parallel detection of atomic and molecular ions down to the ppm level
- analysis of light elements, e.g. lithium
- analysis of isotopes
- analytical mapping and depth profiling
- better than 35 nm lateral resolution, 20 nm depth resolution
- post-mortem retrieval of any signal from the ROI

Working principle of SIMS: The Ga focused ion beam (blue) removes material from the top few nm of the sample surface. Different sputtered ion species (light and dark grey) are collected and transferred to the ToF-SIMS detector.

Top: Al (27 amu) map of a calibrated BAM L200 sample. The FOV is 2 μm. Bottom: Line profile for the area within the green frame. Lines with a width and separation of 33.75 nm can be resolved clearly (arrows).

SIMS spectrum of boron doped silicon. The peaks at 10 and 11 amu correspond to the two isotopes of boron. The concentration of $^{10}$B is below 4.2 ppm.

Left: SEM image of the cross section of an AlAs GaAs multilayer system. The AlAs layers are 10 nm thick. Right: Corresponding SIMS depth profile showing the aluminum signal at 27 amu for the top 11 layers.
Expand Your Possibilities

Gemini’s Novel Optics – Profit from Surface Sensitive Imaging
High resolution imaging at low landing energy has become standard in SEM applications. It is not only required for beam sensitive samples and for non-conductive materials, it is also applied for gaining true surface information without undesirable background signal from deeper sample layers.

SEM imaging performance of the Gemini optics is optimized dramatically at low and very low voltages through the introduction of a novel optical design. It includes a high resolution gun mode which results in the reduction of the primary beam energy width by 30%. And that is finally responsible for the advances in resolution.

Additionally, a two-step deceleration modus, the so-called Tandem decel, is introduced with the novel optical design of Gemini columns. The electron optical column of ZEISS FE-SEMs have an integrated beam deceleration by design using the beam booster technology. Now, an additional external sample biasing further improves low voltage resolution and contrast. A high negative bias voltage is applied to the sample, which decelerates the electrons of the primary electron beam, thus effectively reducing landing energy:

\[ E_{\text{landing}} = E_{\text{primary}} - E_{\text{bias}} \]

The Tandem decel mode can be used in two different application modes: one for contrast enhancement by applying a variable negative bias voltage between 50 V and 100 V and the second enables low voltage resolution improvement by applying a negative bias voltage of 4 different fixed values of 1 kV, 2 kV, 3 kV or 5 kV.

Brain tissue sample, showing numerous nerves that are surrounded by layers of special molecules for insulation, the myelin sheaths. Imaged at 1 kV without (left) and with Tandem decel (right). With the bias activated the myelin sheaths are clearly visible. Sample courtesy of: M. Cantoni, EPFL Lausanne, CH.
Expand Your Possibilities

Make the most of your Crossbeam
Start smart, without that time-consuming search for the region of interest on your sample: take advantage of the optional navigation camera on the airlock. Locate specimens or specific sites, even in color. The integrated user interface makes it easy to navigate to your ROI. Select the large airlock and handle wafers of up to 8-inch diameter with fast sample transfer times.

Because it can be configured with two chamber sizes, Crossbeam 550 guarantees a high level of flexibility. The large chamber lets you customize your Crossbeam with a wider range of imaging, analytical and sample modification capabilities. Opt for a multi-channel gas injection system (GIS) to inject up to five different gases or configure your Crossbeam with up to two single GIS systems.

The large chamber offers you the possibility of configuring three pneumatically-driven accessories simultaneously, e.g. an aSTEM (annular scanning transmission electron microscopy) detector, an annular backscatter detector and a local charge compensation.

The navigation camera on the airlock helps you find your region of interest quickly and easily.

Crossbeam equipped with two Uni-GIS units, both configured for optimal access angles to achieve optimal depositions.

Take high resolution images in transmission mode with the STEM detector and exploit all contrast mechanisms from brightfield to high angular annular darkfield.
# Tailored Precisely to Your Applications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Typical Applications, Typical Samples</th>
<th>Task</th>
<th>ZEISS Crossbeam Offers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cross-sectioning</td>
<td>Acquire high resolution images of cross-sections to obtain sub-surface information.</td>
<td>Crossbeam offers a wide range of detectors for a comprehensive characterization of your sample. Up to four detector signals can be acquired simultaneously to get more information at the same time. The Gemini lens design does not expose your sample to a magnetic field. It allows distortion free imaging of large fields of view. Coupled with image frame store resolutions of up to 50 k × 40 k pixel your Crossbeam is ideal for large area mapping applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIB-SEM Tomography</td>
<td>Perform serial cross-sectioning to image and reconstruct volumes of your sample.</td>
<td>The Inlens EsB detector provides excellent material contrasts and allows surface sensitive imaging because it reduces the information depth to only a few nanometers. When used during milling with the focused ion beam, it speeds up long-term experiments. Intelligent software solutions enable long and unattended tomography runs for reliable and precise results in the shortest time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIB-SEM Tomography in Life Sciences</td>
<td>Acquire high resolution images of your cross-section or perform large volume tomography for morphological analysis.</td>
<td>Precisely target, image and reconstruct the volume of interest to get 3D information from your biological samples.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3D Analytics</td>
<td>Study the chemical and crystallographic microstructure of your sample.</td>
<td>Crossbeam is the perfect tool for 3D EDS and 3D EBSD analysis of your sample. Different packages are provided for fully automated acquisition of the 3D datasets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEM Sample Preparation</td>
<td>Prepare thin lamellae for their analysis in TEM or STEM.</td>
<td>Crossbeam offers a complete solution for preparing TEM lamellae, even for batches. Profit from the low voltage performance of the ion-sculptor FIB column in gaining high quality lamella and avoid amorphization of delicate specimens. Use a simple three-step workflow to get started and wait for automatic execution. For preparing high quality lamellae, use the patented X² sample holder during final thinning. Profit from an endpoint detection software that gives you accurate information about the thickness of your lamella.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nanopatterning</td>
<td>Create new structures or modify existing structures by FIB (or SEM) and different gases.</td>
<td>Perform FIB patterning tasks with full SEM control in real time. Just choose and draw the shapes you want to create on your FIB image, set up the parameters and start patterning. The system’s user-friendly software helps inexperienced users to achieve great results. For most advanced fabrication tasks, the software allows you to access all relevant SEM, FIB or GIS parameters to tailor the best FIB patterning strategy at single object level. You can plan and create your FIB exposure work offline.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface sensitive analysis of batteries or polymers</td>
<td>Characterize the composition of the first few atom layers of solid surfaces.</td>
<td>Adding the ToF-SIMS spectrometer lets you analyze trace elements such as lithium, detect isotopes, and perform elemental mapping and depth profiling with a lateral analytical resolution down to 35 nm.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ZEISS Crossbeam at Work

Nanopatterning

Live imaging while milling a spiral: SE signal (left), Inlens SE (right).

SEM Imaging

Alumina nanospheres imaged at 1 kV and FIB-SEM coincidence point with Tandem deccle exemplifies high resolution, surface sensitive imaging of challenging samples.

Cross-sectioning and 3D Analysis

LiMn$_2$O$_4$ cathode material of a lithium ion battery. Close-up of cross-section shows surface information on an Inlens SE image and unique, pure materials contrast with an Inlens ESB image. The distribution of lanthanum (red) and manganese (green) is derived from an EDS map (from left to right).
ZEISS Crossbeam at Work

**Nanopatterning**

Nanofluidics channels fabricated by FIB in a silicon master stamp (left). Detail: meander-shaped channel (center). Inlets and outlets have a funnel shape (right). Courtesy of: I. Fernández-Cuesta, INF Hamburg, Germany.

**Milling**

Trenches milled in high entropy alloy, dimensions 25 µm x 15 µm, milling time 3 minutes for 65 nA box (right) and 11 minutes for 30 nA box (left).

Trench milled in silicon, dimensions 100 x 30 x 25 µm³, milling time 10 minutes using 100 nA FIB current.

Pillar for compression testing after being machined using lathe milling.
ZEISS Crossbeam at Work

**TEM Sample Preparation**

Lamella of a copper sample ready for lift out, fabricated with automatic sample preparation, prepared and imaged by FIB.

Ion-sculptor 5kV image of a lamella of poly-crystalline silicon. High imaging quality at low voltages allows precise thinning of the central region of the lamella.

Silicon in <110> orientation, STEM image of a FIB lamella in a TEM. <110> silicon dumbbells and a twin boundary are clearly visible. The TEM lamella was prepared with the ion-sculptor FIB of ZEISS Crossbeam 550 with low kV thinning. Image Courtesy of: C. Downing, CRANN Institute, Trinity College, Dublin, Ireland. Nion UltraSTEM 200.

Chromium carbides at the grain boundary of thermally-affected X2CrNi18-10 steel: STEM BF in a FIB-SEM (left), EDS chromium map (right).

**Preparation of Sample Batches**

Array of compression testing pillars in high entropy alloy, machined fully automatically.

Array of TEM lamellae fabricated with automated preparation.
Investigation of different cell compartments in single cells. Individual HeLa cells were grown in culture dishes, chemically-fixed and resin-embedded in EPON. Voxel size 5 × 5 × 8 nm, Inlens EsB detection, 1400 sections. 3D visualization with Dragonfly Pro, ORS. Courtesy: A. Steyer and Y. Schwab, EMBL, Heidelberg, DE.

Ultrastructural investigation of the parasite Trypanosoma brucei. The cells are high pressure frozen and freeze-substituted in EPON. Acquisition of 800 z-sections which corresponds to ~ 8 μm thickness in z; pixel size in x/y is 5 nm. Sample courtesy: S. Vaughan, Oxford Brookes University, Research Group 'Cell biology of Trypanosomes', UK.
Your Flexible Choice of Components

Available Options
1. Focused Ion Beam (FIB) column
2. Electron flood gun allows ion beam preparation of non-conductive samples
3. Local charge compensation allows SEM imaging and analysis of non-conductive samples
4. Retractable ToF-SIMS spectrometer for parallel mass detection with excellent spatial resolution
5. Multichannel Gas Injection system (GIS) for up to 5 precursor materials on a single flange
6. Uni-GIS for high angle sample access, two systems configurable
7. Manipulators for sample handling and probing
8. Annular STEM for high resolution transmission imaging or aBSE detector for high efficiency and angle selective material characterization
9. Inlens EsB detector for high resolution without topographic artifacts and unique material contrast
10. Airlock solution (80 mm or 200 mm sample size) for fast and efficient sample transfer and fast pumping times with integrated navigation camera

Further Options
- SESI detector for secondary electron and secondary ion imaging
- Atlas 5 for advanced tomography, patterning and EDS and EBSD analytics in 3D
- Plasma cleaner
- Electrostatic beam blanker for SEM
- Laser ablation upgrade
- Tandem decel for enhanced resolution and contrast at low voltages for suitable samples (Crossbeam 550 only).
- Analytic detectors: EDS, WDS, EBSD
- 34 inch, 21:9, ultra-wide screen monitor
# Technical Specifications

<table>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ZEISS Crossbeam 350</th>
<th>ZEISS Crossbeam 550</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SEM</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Schottky Emitter</td>
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<td>Schottky Emitter</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.7 nm @ 1 kV</td>
<td>1.4 nm @ 1 kV</td>
<td>1.6 nm @ 200 V w/ Tandem decel</td>
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<tr>
<td>0.9 nm @ 15 kV</td>
<td>1.2 nm @ 1 kV w/ Tandem decel</td>
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<tr>
<td>0.7 nm @ 30 kV (STEM mode)</td>
<td>0.6 nm @ 30 kV (STEM mode)</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.3 nm @ 1 kV (WD 5 mm)</td>
<td>1.8 nm @ 1 kV (WD 5 mm)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.1 nm @ 15 kV (WD 5 mm)</td>
<td>1.3 nm @ 1 kV w/ Tandem decel (WD 5 mm)</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.3 nm @ 20 kV &amp; 10 nA (WD 5 mm)</td>
<td>2.3 nm @ 20 kV &amp; 10 nA (WD 5 mm)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beam current: 5 pA – 100 nA</td>
<td>Beam current: 10 pA – 100 nA</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>FIB</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>LMIS: Lifetime: 3000 μAh</td>
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<tr>
<td>Resolution: 3 nm @ 30 kV (statistical method)</td>
<td>Resolution: 3 nm @ 30 kV (statistical method)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Resolution: 120 nm @ 1 kV &amp; 10 pA (optional)</td>
<td>Resolution: 120 nm @ 1 kV &amp; 10 pA</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Detectors</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Inlens SE, Inlens ESB, VPSE (Variable pressure secondary electron detector), SESI (secondary electron secondary ion), aSTEM (scanning transmission electron), aBSD (backscatter detector)</td>
<td>Inlens SE, Inlens ESB, ETD (Everhard-Thомley detector), SESI (secondary electron, secondary ion), aSTEM (scanning transmission electron), aBSD (backscatter detector), CL (cathodoluminescence)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chamber Size and Ports</strong></td>
<td>Standard with 18 configurable ports</td>
<td>Standard with 18 configurable ports Large with 22 configurable ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stage</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>X / Y = 100 mm</td>
<td>X / Y = 100 mm</td>
<td>X / Y = 153 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Z = 50 mm, Z’ = 13 mm</td>
<td>Z = 50 mm, Z’ = 13 mm</td>
<td>Z = 50 mm, Z’ = 20 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T = –4° to 70°, R = 360°</td>
<td>T = –4° to 70°, R = 360°</td>
<td>T = –15° to 70°, R = 360°</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Charge Control</strong></td>
<td>Flood Gun</td>
<td>Flood Gun</td>
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<tr>
<td>Local Charge Compensation</td>
<td>Local Charge Compensation</td>
<td>–</td>
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<tr>
<td>Multi-GIS: Pt, C, W, Au, H₂O, SiO₂, XeF₂</td>
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Technical Specifications

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<tr>
<td><strong>Store Resolution</strong></td>
<td>32 k x 24 k (up to 50 k x 40 k with optional Atlas 5 3D Tomography module)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Analytic Options</strong></td>
<td>EDS, EBSD, WDS, SIMS, others on request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Advantages</strong></td>
<td>Maximum sample variety due to variable pressure mode, wide range of in situ experiments.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Retractable ToF-SIMS spectrometer

- Detection limit: < 4.2 ppm boron in silicon
- Lateral resolution: < 35 nm
- Mass/charge range: 1-500 Th
- Mass resolution: m/Δm > 500 FWTM
- Depth resolution: < 20nm AlAs/GaAs multilayer system
Because the ZEISS microscope system is one of your most important tools, we make sure it is always ready to perform. What’s more, we’ll see to it that you are employing all the options that get the best from your microscope. You can choose from a range of service products, each delivered by highly qualified ZEISS specialists who will support you long beyond the purchase of your system. Our aim is to enable you to experience those special moments that inspire your work.

**Repair. Maintain. Optimize.**

Attain maximum uptime with your microscope. A ZEISS Protect Service Agreement lets you budget for operating costs, all the while reducing costly downtime and achieving the best results through the improved performance of your system. Choose from service agreements designed to give you a range of options and control levels. We’ll work with you to select the service program that addresses your system needs and usage requirements, in line with your organization’s standard practices.

Our service on-demand also brings you distinct advantages. ZEISS service staff will analyze issues at hand and resolve them – whether using remote maintenance software or working on site.

**Enhance Your Microscope System.**

Your ZEISS microscope system is designed for a variety of updates: open interfaces allow you to maintain a high technological level at all times. As a result you’ll work more efficiently now, while extending the productive lifetime of your microscope as new update possibilities come on stream.

Profit from the optimized performance of your microscope system with services from ZEISS – now and for years to come.

>> www.zeiss.com/microservice